

Australian Government

National Measurement Institute

NMI M 11-3 Meters Intended for the Metering of Water in Open Channels and Partially Filled Pipes

Part 3: Test Report

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First edition — August 2009

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PREFACE

NMI M 11-3 is based on *NMI R 49-3*. *Water Meters Intended for the Metering of Cold Potable Water and Hot Water. Part 3: Test Report* (which in turn is based on a modified version of OIML R 49-3:2006). Some of the requirements and procedures have never previously been tested or enforced within Australia.

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EXPLANATORY NOTES

NMI M 11-3 specifies the recommended test report format for the pattern approval and verification of water meters intended for the metering of water in open channels and partially filled pipes. Meters approved against this document are designated as accuracy class 2.5 water meters.

The corresponding parts 1 and 2 of this document are:

- NMI M 11-1 Metrological and Technical Requirements; and
- NMI M 11-2 Test Methods.

At the time of each test the water quality shall be measured and recorded. Other variables such as the conductivity of the water may also be measured and recorded.

Part I shows the required format of a pattern evaluation report for a self-contained or insertion/strap-on meter. A pattern evaluation report for a separable calculator (including indicating device) or a measurement transducer (including flow or volume sensor) requires a similar format. However, some modifications to the tables may be required because a large number of variations in the design of these separable units are possible.

Part II shows some examples of tables for presenting the test results for separable units for initial verifications. These tables can also be adapted for pattern evaluation reports.

Symbols

The symbols used in the tables are:

+	pass
_	fail
n/a	not applicable
EUT	equipment under test
MPE	maximum permissible error
V	vertical
Η	horizontal

Checklists

Complete examination and test checklists according to this example.

+	_	
×		pass
	×	fail
n/a	n/a	not applicable

Units of measurement for volume and flowrate

Units of measurement shall be written in the spaces provided. Units of measurement of:

- volume shall be in megalitres (ML), kilolitres (kL) or cubic metres (m³); and
- **flowrate** shall be in megalitres per day (ML/day), litres per second (L/s), kilolitres per hour (kL/h) or cubic metres per hour (m³/h).

PART I. PATTERN EVALUATION REPORT

1. INFORMATION CONCERNING THE PATTERN

1.1	General			
App	lication number			
App	licant			
	Authorised representative			
	Address			
Testi	ing laboratory			
	Authorised representative			
	Address			
1.2	Model Submitted			
	model			
	ant of approved model(s)			
v arr				
	Approval number			
	Variation of approved model			
		37	No	Remarks
	Submitted for approval tests	Yes	NO	Kelliarks
Mec	hanical meter (self-contained)	Yes	NO	Kemarks
		Yes		Kemarks
Elect	hanical meter (self-contained)	Yes		
Elect	hanical meter (self-contained) tronic meter (self-contained)	Yes		
Elect Mecil Elect	hanical meter (self-contained) tronic meter (self-contained) hanical insertion/strap-on meter			
Elect Meci Elect Fam	hanical meter (self-contained) tronic meter (self-contained) hanical insertion/strap-on meter tronic insertion/strap-on meter	Yes		
Elect Mec Elect Fam Sepa Sepa	hanical meter (self-contained) tronic meter (self-contained) hanical insertion/strap-on meter tronic insertion/strap-on meter ily of meters rable calculator (including indicating device) rable measurement transducer (including flow or			
Elect Mec Elect Fam Sepa Sepa volu	hanical meter (self-contained) tronic meter (self-contained) hanical insertion/strap-on meter tronic insertion/strap-on meter ily of meters trable calculator (including indicating device) trable measurement transducer (including flow or me sensor)	Yes		
Elect Mec Elect Fam Sepa Sepa volu Supp (per	hanical meter (self-contained) tronic meter (self-contained) hanical insertion/strap-on meter tronic insertion/strap-on meter ily of meters trable calculator (including indicating device) trable measurement transducer (including flow or me sensor) blementary electronic device/s for testing nanently attached to meter)			
Elect Mec Elect Fam Sepa Sepa volu Supp (per Supp	hanical meter (self-contained) tronic meter (self-contained) hanical insertion/strap-on meter tronic insertion/strap-on meter ily of meters trable calculator (including indicating device) trable measurement transducer (including flow or me sensor) plementary electronic device/s for testing manently attached to meter) plementary electronic device/s for data transmission			
Elect Mec Elect Fam Sepa Sepa volu Supp (pern Supp (pern	hanical meter (self-contained) tronic meter (self-contained) hanical insertion/strap-on meter tronic insertion/strap-on meter ily of meters trable calculator (including indicating device) trable measurement transducer (including flow or me sensor) plementary electronic device/s for testing manently attached to meter) plementary electronic device/s for data transmission manently attached to meter)			
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Elect Mec Elect Fam Sepa Sepa Volu Supp (per Supp (per Supp (tem Supp (tem	hanical meter (self-contained) tronic meter (self-contained) hanical insertion/strap-on meter tronic insertion/strap-on meter ily of meters trable calculator (including indicating device) trable measurement transducer (including flow or me sensor) plementary electronic device/s for testing manently attached to meter) plementary electronic device/s for data transmission manently attached to meter) plementary electronic device/s for testing			

1.3 Mechanical Meter (Self-contained or Insertion/Strap-on)

If a family of meters is submitted include these details for each size of meter.

Manufacturer	
Model number	
Pattern details	
Q1	(indicate units)
Q ₃	(indicate units)
Q_4	(indicate units)
Q ₃ /Q ₁	
Measuring principle	
Accuracy class	
Environmental class	class B / class C (circle correct one)
Electromagnetic environment	class E1 / class E2 (circle correct one)
Maximum admissible temperature	°C
Maximum admissible pressure	MPa (bar)
Orientation limitation	
EUT testing requirements (NMI M 11-2, 7.1.	6)
Category	
Case	A / B / C / D / E (circle correct one)
Installation details	
Minimum straight length of inlet pipe/o	channel mm
Minimum straight length of outlet pipe	/channel mm
Flow conditioner (details if required)	
Mounting	
Orientation	

Other relevant information

1.4 Electronic Meters (Self-contained or Insertion/Strap-on)

If a family of meters is submitted, include these details for each size of meter.

Manufacturer Model number Pattern details Q_1/..... (indicate units) _____ (indicate units) Q₃ _____ (indicate units) Q_4 Q_{3}/Q_{1} Measuring principle Accuracy class class B / class C (circle correct one) Environmental class Electromagnetic environment class E1 / class E2 (circle correct one) °C Maximum admissible temperature _____MPa (_____ bar) Maximum admissible pressure Orientation limitation EUT testing requirements (NMI M 11-2, 7.1.6) Category Case A / B / C / D / E (circle correct one) Installation details (mechanical) Minimum straight length of inlet pipe/channel _____mm Minimum straight length of outlet pipe/channel _____ mm Flow conditioner (details if required) Mounting Orientation Other relevant information Installation details (electrical) Wiring instructions Mounting arrangement Orientation limitations Power supply Type (battery, mains AC, mains DC) U_{max} _____ V _____ V Umin Frequency Hz

1.5 Separable Calculator (Including Indicating Device)

Manufacturer	
Model number	
Pattern details	
Q1	(indicate units)
Q_3	(indicate units)
Q_4	(indicate units)
Q_3/Q_1	
Measuring principle	
Accuracy class	
Environmental class	class B / class C (circle correct one)
Electromagnetic environment	class E1 / class E2 (circle correct one)
Maximum admissible temperature	°C
Maximum admissible pressure	MPa (bar)
Orientation limitation	
EUT testing requirements (NMI M 11-2, 7.1.6)	
Category	
Case A /	B / C / D / E (circle correct one)
Maximum relative error specified by manufacturer	%
Installation details (electrical)	
Wiring instructions	
Mounting arrangement	
Orientation limitations	
Power supply	
Type (battery, mains AC, mains DC)	
U_{max}	V
U _{min}	V
Frequency	Hz
Approval number(s) of compatible measurement transducer(s) (including flow or volume sensor)	

Report number ... Page ... of ...

Manufacturer	
Model number	
Pattern details	
Q_1	(indicate units)
Q_3	(indicate units)
Q_4	(indicate units)
Q ₃ /Q ₁	
Measuring principle	
Accuracy class	
Environmental class	class B $/$ class C (circle correct one)
Electromagnetic environment	class E1 / class E2 (circle correct one)
Maximum admissible temperature	°C
Maximum admissible pressure	MPa (bar)
Water conductivity range (if applicable) Orientation limitation	from to S/cm
EUT testing requirements (NMI M 11-2, 7.1.6) Category	
Case A	/ B / C / D / E (circle correct one)
Maximum relative error specified by manufacturer Installation details (mechanical)	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Minimum straight length of inlet pipe/channel	el mm
Minimum straight length of outlet pipe/chan	nel mm
Flow conditioner (details if required)	
Mounting	
Orientation	
Other relevant information	
Installation details (electrical)	
Wiring instructions	
Mounting arrangement	
Orientation limitations	
Power supply Type (battery, mains AC, mains DC)	
U _{max}	V
\mathbf{U}_{min}	V
Frequency	Hz
Approval number(s) of compatible calculator(s) (including indicating device)	

1.6 Separable Measurement Transducer (Including Flow or Volume Sensor)

	(Permanently Attached to Meter)	
Man	ufacturer	
Mod	lel number	
Pow	er supply	
	Type (battery, mains AC, mains DC)	
	U _{max}	V
	U_{min}	V
	Frequency	Hz
Insta	llation details (electrical)	
	Wiring instructions	
	Mounting arrangement	
	Orientation limitations	
1.8	Supplementary Electronic Device/s (Permanently Attached to Meter)	used for Data Transmission
Man	ufacturer	
Mod	lel number	
Pow	er supply	
	Type (battery, mains AC, mains DC)	
	\mathbf{U}_{\max}	V
	\mathbf{U}_{\min}	V
	Frequency	Hz
Insta	llation details (electrical)	
	Wiring instructions	
	Mounting arrangement	
	Orientation limitations	
1.9	Supplementary Electronic Device/s (Temporarily Attached to Meter)	used for Testing
Man	ufacturer	
Mod	lel number	
Pow	er supply	
	Type (battery, mains AC, mains DC)	
	U _{max}	V
	\mathbf{U}_{\min}	V
	Frequency	Hz
Insta	allation details (electrical)	
	Wiring instructions	
	Mounting arrangement	

Orientation limitations 1.10 Supplementary Electronic Device/s used for Data Transmission (Temporarily Attached to Meter) Manufacturer Model number Power supply Type (battery, mains AC, mains DC) _____ V Umax Umin _____ V Hz Frequency Installation details (electrical) Wiring instructions Mounting arrangement Orientation limitations 1.11 Ancillary Devices Manufacturer Main functions Model number Electromagnetic environment class E1 / class E2 (circle correct one) Power supply Type (battery, mains AC, mains DC) Umax _____ V _____ V Umin Frequency Hz Approval number(s) of compatible calculator(s) (including indicating device) EUT testing requirements (NMI M 11-2, 7.1.6) Category Case A / B / C / D / E (circle correct one) Installation details (electrical) Wiring instructions Mounting arrangement Orientation limitations Approval number(s) of compatible meters, calculator(s) (including indicating device) and measurement transducer(s) (including flow or volume sensor)

2. DOCUMENTATION

Details of all documents concerning the pattern shall be recorded (NMI M 11-1, 6.2.11.1).

Document reference	Date	Brief description

3. GENERAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE TEST EQUIPMENT

Details of all items of measuring equipment and test instruments used shall be recorded, including:

- manufacturer;
- model number;
- serial number;
- date of last calibration; and
- date of next calibration due, e.g. for instruments for measuring linear dimensions, pressure gauges, pressure transmitters, manometers, temperature transducers, reference meters, volume tanks, weighing machines, signal generators (for pulse, current or voltage).

Parameter measured or	Instrument/	Model number	Serial number	Calibration date		Used in test no. (NMI M 11-2,	
applied	equipment	number	number	Last	Next	section no.)	

Comments

4. CHECKLISTS

4.1 Checklist for External Examination

NMI M 11-1 clause no	Requirement	+	-	Remarks
	f the indicating device			I
5.9.1	The indicating device shall provide an easily read, reliable and unambiguous visual indication of the indicated volume.			
5.9.1	The indicating device shall include visual means for testing and calibration.			
5.9.1	The indicating device may include additional elements for testing and calibration by other methods, e.g. for automatic testing and calibration.			
5.9.1	The indicating device may display other parameters such as instantaneous or average flowrate.			
Unit of mea	surement and its placement			
5.9.1.1	The indicated volume of water shall be expressed in megalitres, cubic metres or kilolitres.			
5.9.1.1	The symbol ML, m ³ or kL shall appear on the dial or immediately adjacent to the numbered display.			
Indicating	range			
5.9.1.2	The indicating device shall be able to record the indicated volume in megalitres, cubic metres or kilolitres corresponding to at least 200 days of operation at the permanent flowrate Q_3 , without passing through zero. The indicated volume (V_i) corresponding to 200 days of operation is $V_i = Q_3 \times 200$ ML (or m ³ or kL) where Q_3 is the numerical value of the permanent flowrate Q_3 in ML/d (or L/s).			
Color codi	ng of indicating devices			
5.9.1.3	The colour black should be used to indicate megalitres (cubic metres or kilolitres) and its multiples.			
5.9.1.3	The colour red should be used to indicate submultiples of a megalitre (cubic metre or kilolitre).			
5.9.1.3	These colours shall be applied to either to the pointers, indexes, numbers, wheels, discs, dials or aperture frames.			
5.9.1.3	Other means of indicating the megalitre (cubic metre or kilolitre), its multiples and its submultiples may be used, provided there is no ambiguity in distinguishing between the primary indication and alternative displays, e.g. submultiples for verification testing.			
Types of in	dicating device: type 1 — analogue device			
5.9.2.1	The indicated volume shall be indicated by continuous movement of either:(a) one or more pointers moving relative to graduated scales; or(b) one or more circular scales or drums each passing an index.			
5.9.2.1	The value expressed in megalitres (cubic metres or kilolitres) for each scale division shall be of the form 10^n , where n is a positive or negative whole number or zero, thereby establishing a system of consecutive decades.			
5.9.2.1	The scale shall be graduated in values expressed in megalitres (cubic metres or kilolitres) or accompanied by a multiplying factor (\times 0.001; \times 0.01; \times 0.1; \times 1; \times 10; \times 100; \times 1000 etc.).			
5.9.2.1	Rotational movement of the pointers or circular scales shall be clockwise.			

NMI M 11-1	Requirement	+	_	Remarks
clause no				
5.9.2.1	Linear movement of pointers or scales shall be left to right.			
5.9.2.1	Movement of numbered roller indicators shall be upwards.			
Types of in	dicating device: type 2 — digital device			
5.9.2.2	The indicated volume is given by a line of digits appearing in one or more apertures.			
5.9.2.2	The advance of one digit shall be completed while the digit of the next immediately lower decade changes from 9 to 0.			
5.9.2.2	For non-electronic devices, the movement of numbered roller indicators (drums) shall be upwards.			
5.9.2.2	For non-electronic devices, the lowest value decade may have a continuous movement, the aperture being large enough to permit a digit to be read without ambiguity.			
5.9.2.2	The actual or apparent height of the digits shall be at least 4 mm.			
5.9.2.2	For electronic devices, either permanent or non-permanent displays are permitted. Where a non-permanent display is used, the volume shall be able to be displayed at any time for at least 10 s.			
5.9.2.2	The electronic device shall include a feature that enables the correct operation of the display to be checked (e.g. by successive display of the various characters). Each step of the sequence shall last at least 1 s.			
Types of in	dicating device: type 3 — combination of analogue and digital devic	es		
5.9.2.3	The indicated volume is given by a combination of type 1 and type 2 devices and the respective requirements of each shall apply.			
Supplemen	tary devices			
5.9.3	The meter may include supplementary devices that may be permanently incorporated or added temporarily for detecting movement of the flow sensor before this is clearly visible on the indicating device.			
5.9.3	The device may be used to detect movement of the flow sensor before this is clearly visible on the indicating device.			
5.9.3	The device may be used for testing and verifying the meter, provided that other means guarantee the satisfactory operation of the meter.			
Verificatio	n devices — general requirements			
5.9.4.1	Every indicating device shall provide means for visual, non-ambiguous verification testing and calibration.			
5.9.4.1	The visual verification may have either a continuous or a discontinuous movement.			
5.9.4.1	In addition to the visual verification display, an indicating device may include provisions for rapid testing by the inclusion of complementary elements (e.g. star wheels or discs) providing signals through externally attached sensors.			
Verification	n devices — visual verification displays			
5.9.4.2	The value of the verification scale interval (expressed in megalitres, cubic metres or kilolitres) shall be of the form: 1×10^n , or 2×10^n , or 5×10^n , where n is a positive or negative whole number or zero.			
5.9.4.2	For analogue or digital indicating devices with continuous movement of the first element, the verification scale interval may be formed from the division into 2, 5 or 10 equal parts of the interval between two consecutive digits of the first element. Numbering shall not be applied to these divisions.			
5.9.4.2	For digital indicating devices with discontinuous movement of the first element, the verification scale interval is the interval between two consecutive digits or incremental movements of the first element.			
5.9.4.3	On indicating devices with continuous movement of the first element,			

NMI M 11-1 clause no	Requirement	+	_	Remarks
	the apparent scale spacing shall not be less than 1 mm and not more than 5 mm.			
5.9.4.3	The scale shall consist of either:			
	 lines of equal thickness not exceeding one-quarter of the scale spacing and differing only in length; or 			
	• contrasting bands of a constant width equal to the scale spacing.			
5.9.4.3	The apparent width of the pointer at its tip shall not exceed one-quarter of the scale spacing and in no case shall it be greater than 0.5 mm.			
Resolution	of the indicating device			
5.9.4.4	The subdivisions of the verification scale shall be small enough to ensure that the resolution error of the indicating device does not exceed 0.5% of the actual volume passed during 1 h 30 min at the minimum flowrate, Q_1 .			
	Note: When a display of the first element is continuous, an allowance should be made for a maximum error in reading of not more than half the verification scale interval. When the display of the first element is discontinuous, an allowance should be made for a maximum error in each reading of not more than one digit of the verification scale.			
Marks and	inscriptions			
5.8	The meter shall be clearly and indelibly marked with the information listed below, either grouped or distributed on the casing, the indicating device dial, an identification plate or on the meter cover if is not detachable. Alternatively, the information may be recorded in the memory of the meter and any such information made easily accessible.			
5.8(a)	Unit of measurement: megalitre, cubic metre or kilolitre.			
5.8(b)	Numerical value of Q_3 and the ratio Q_3/Q_1 .			
5.8(c)	Pattern approval mark.			
5.8(d)	Name or trademark of the manufacturer.			
5.8(e)	Serial number (as near as possible to the indicating device).			
5.8(f)	Marking of the year of manufacture (optional).			
5.8(g)	Direction of flow (shown on both sides of the body; or on one side only, provided the direction of flow arrow is easily visible under all circumstances).			
5.8(h)	Maximum head loss.			
Additional	markings for meters designed to operate in partially filled pipes			
5.8(i)	Maximum admissible pressure.			
5.8(j)	The minimum water level.			
Additional	markings for meters with electronic devices	L		
5.8(k)	For an external power supply: the voltage and frequency.			
5.8(1)	For a replaceable battery: the latest date that the battery is to be replaced. Alternatively, provision shall be made to allow this date to be recorded in the memory of the meter upon replacement of the battery and installation of the meter by a certified person.	_		
5.8(m)	For a non-replaceable battery: the latest date the meter has to be replaced. Alternatively, provision shall be made to allow this date to be recorded in the meter memory upon installation by a certified person.			

NMI M 11-1 clause no	Requirement	+	-	Remarks
5.8(n)	The IP rating of the meter and its constituent parts.			
Verification	n mark and protection devices			
5.10	A place shall be provided on the meter for affixing the main verification mark, which shall be visible without dismantling the meter.			
5.10.1	Meters shall include protection devices which can be sealed so as to prevent, both before and after correct installation of the meter, dismantling or modification of the meter, its adjustment device or its correction device, without damaging these devices.			
Protection	devices — electronic sealing devices			
5.10.2(a)	 When access to parameters that influence the determination of the results of measurements is not protected by mechanical sealing devices, the protection shall fulfill the following provisions: (a) Access shall only be allowed to authorised people, e.g. by means of a code (keyword) or of a special device (e.g. a hard key). The code shall be capable of being changed. (b) It shall be possible for at least the last intervention to be memorised. The record shall include the date and a characteristic element identifying the authorised person making the intervention (see (a) above). The traceability of the last intervention shall be assured for at least two years, if it is not overwritten on the occasion of a further intervention. If it is possible to memorise more than one intervention and if deletion of a previous intervention must occur to permit a new record, the oldest record shall be deleted. 			
5.10.2(b)	 For meters with parts which may be disconnected one from another and which are interchangeable, the following provisions shall be fulfilled: (a) it shall not be possible to access parameters that participate in the determination of results of measurements through disconnected points unless the provisions of NMI M 11-1, 5.10.2(a) are fulfilled; (b) interposing any device which may influence the accuracy shall be prevented by means of electronic and data processing securities, or, if this is not possible, by mechanical means. 			
5.10.2(c)	For meters with parts which may be disconnected one from the other and which are not interchangeable, NMI M 11-1, 5.10.2(b) shall apply. Moreover, these meters shall be provided with devices which do not allow them to operate if the various parts are not connected according to the manufacturer's configuration. Note: Disconnections which are not allowed to the user may be prevented, e.g. by means of a device that prevents any measurement after disconnecting and reconnecting.			
General ree	quirements and power supply			
4.1	Meters with electronic devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way that significant faults do not occur when they are exposed to the disturbances specified in NMI M 11-1, Annex A.5. These requirements shall be met durably.			
4.1	 The meter shall also provide visual checking of the entire display which shall have the following sequence: displaying all elements (e.g. an 'eights' test); and blanking all the elements (a 'blanks' test). Each step of the sequence shall last at least 1 s. 			
4.2	Three different kinds of basic power supplies may be used for meters with electronic devices: external power supply, non-replaceable battery and replaceable battery. These three types of power supplies may be			

NMI M 11-1	Requirement	+	_	Remarks
clause no	A			
	used alone or in combination.			
	ower supply			
4.2.1	Meters with electronic devices shall be designed such that in the event of an external power supply failure, the meter indication of volume just before failure is not lost, and remains accessible for a minimum of 1 yr.			
4.2.1	The corresponding memorisation shall occur at least either once per day or for every volume equivalent to 10 min of flow at Q_3 .			
4.2.1	 Any other properties or parameters of the meter shall not be affected by an interruption of the electrical supply. Note: Compliance with this clause will not necessarily ensure that the meter will continue to register the volume consumed during a power supply failure. The power supply shall be secured from tampering or any such tampering will be evident. 			
Non-replac	eable battery			
4.2.2	The manufacturer shall ensure that the indicated lifetime of the battery guarantees that the meter functions correctly for at least one year longer than the operational lifetime of the meter.			
4.2.2	The latest date by which the meter is to be replaced shall be indicated on the meter. Alternatively, provision shall be made to allow this date to be recorded in the memory of the meter upon installation by a certified person. Note: It is anticipated that a combination of maximum allowable volume, displayed volume, indicated operational lifetime, remote reading and extreme temperature will be considered when specifying a battery and during pattern approval. Alternative means of indicating impending battery failure may be allowed.			
Replaceabl				
4.2.3	Where the electrical power supply is a replaceable battery, the manufacturer shall give precise rules for the replacement of the battery. These shall be in a manual, instruction booklet or electronically.			
4.2.3	The replacement date of the battery shall be indicated on the meter. Alternatively, provision shall be made to allow this date to be recorded in the memory of the meter upon replacement of the battery and installation of the meter by a certified person.			
4.2.3	The properties and parameters of the meter shall not be affected by the interruption of electrical supply when the battery is replaced. Note: A combination of maximum allowable volume, displayed volume, indicated operational lifetime, remote reading and extreme temperature will be considered when specifying a battery and during pattern approval. Alternative means of indicating impending battery failure may be allowed.			
4.2.3	The operation of replacing the battery shall be carried out in a way which does not necessitate breaking the seal required for verification. The battery compartment shall be secured from tampering or any such tampering will be evident.			
Combinatio	on of external power supply and rechargeable battery			
4.2.4	Where an external power source such as solar energy is used to recharge batteries, meters shall be designed such that in the event of failure of the solar power through damage or shading, the meter indication of volume just before battery failure is not lost, and remains accessible for a minimum of one year.			
4.2.4	The corresponding memorisation shall occur once per day or for every volume equivalent to 10 min of flow at Q_3 .			
Frequency	of measurement		1	
4.2.5	For meters operating at constant flowrate with only periodic measurement in order to conserve battery life, flow measurement shall			

NMI M 11-1 clause no	Requirement	+	_	Remarks
	occur at least every 5 min.			

4.2 Checklist for Performance Tests

4.2.1 Performance Tests for all Meters

NMI M 11-1 clause no	Requirement	+	_	Remarks
Static press	ure test			
6.2.1	 The meter (if designed to operate in partially filled pipes) shall be capable of withstanding the following test pressures without leakage or damage: 1.6 times the maximum admissible pressure for 15 min; 2 times the maximum admissible pressure for 1 min. 			
Errors of in	dication			
6.2.2	 The errors of indication of the meter (in the measurement of the actual volume) shall be determined for at least the following flowrates, the error at each flowrate being measured twice: between Q₁ and 1.1Q₁; between 0.33 (Q₁ + Q₃) and 0.37 (Q₁ + Q₃); between 0.67 (Q₁ + Q₃) and 0.74 (Q₁ + Q₃); between 0.9 Q₃ and Q₃; and between 0.95 Q₄ and Q₄. If the meter is designed to operate in open channels then tests shall also 			
	 be conducted under the following conditions: free overfall – the meter shall be tested at each of the above flowrates under free overfall conditions; and 			
	 submerged flow – the meter shall be tested at a range of flowrates to be established under different downstream conditions which shall include 5–15%, 40–50% and 80–90% of the upstream level/head. The errors of indication observed for each of the flowrates shall not exceed the MPEs (±2.5%). If the error of indication observed on one or more meters is greater than the MPE at one flowrate only, the test at that flowrate shall be repeated. The test shall be declared satisfactory if two out of the three results lie within the MPE and the arithmetic mean of the results for the three tests at that flowrate is less than or equal to the MPE. 			
	If all the errors of indication of the meter have the same sign, at least one of the errors shall not exceed one-half of the MPE. It is recommended that the characteristic error curve for each meter be plotted in terms of error against flowrate, so that the general performance of the meter over its flowrate range can be evaluated.			
Meter chara	acteristics at zero flowrate			
3.2.6	The meter totalisation shall not change when the flowrate is zero.			
Low flow te			1	1
6.2.3	Meters that are designed for operation in partially filled pipes shall be tested to verify the minimum water level (nominated by the manufacturer) of the meter. The meter shall indicate when flow has occurred below the minimum water level and that the duration of such flow is recorded.			
Full flow tes	st		•	•
6.2.4	Meters designed to operate in partially filled pipes that are not designed to measure under full flowing pipe conditions must be fitted with a visual or audible alarm. If the meter is subjected to full flowing pipe conditions then that alarm shall automatically occur and the duration of the full flowing pipe conditions will be recorded by the meter. Meters designed to operate in partially filled pipes that are also			

NMI M 11-1 clause no	Requirement	+	_	Remarks	
	designed to measure at full flowing pipe conditions will be tested under such conditions to verify that they do not exceed the MPE given in 3.2.				
Wave distu	rbance test				
6.2.5	The meter shall be subjected to wave disturbances and tested to verify that the meter complies with the requirements of 3.2.				
Flow distur	bance test				
6.2.6	The meter will be subjected to a number of standard disturbances. The relative error of indication of the meter shall not exceed the MPE given in 3.2 for any of the tests, and the error shift shall be less than one-third of the MPE given in 3.2 (the expanded uncertainty of the test method plus an allowance for the repeatability of the meter under test).				
Head loss t	est				
6.2.7	The meter shall be tested to determine the maximum pressure loss through the water meter at any flowrate between Q_1 and Q_3 .				
Endurance	test				
6.2.8	Meters are required to maintain their performance characteristics and a required level of metrological accuracy over an extended period of operation. However due to cost and time constraints, subjecting meters to accelerated wear or endurance regimes under laboratory conditions shall not form part of the pattern approval process.				
	 Manufacturers will be required to submit a sample of meters that have registered a volume of water corresponding to at least 1000 h of continuous flow at a flowrate of Q₃. Meters will be tested to determine the intrinsic errors of indication. The following acceptance criteria apply: the difference between the error of indication at the initial test and the test following the endurance regime shall not exceed 2.5% at each point on the curve; the error of indication curve shall not exceed a maximum error limit of ±4%. 				
Specified in	stallation tests				
6.2.9	The meter may be tested in a certain installation configuration (as specified by the manufacturer) in which case the error of indication shall be determined in accordance with 6.2.2 and shall not exceed the MPE given in 3.2 for any of the tests.				
Maintenanc	e tests				
6.2.10	A manufacturer may test a specified maintenance activity on the meter as part of the pattern approval process. The relative errors of indication observed for each of the flowrates tested shall not deviate from the corresponding relative errors of indication observed in 6.3.3 by more than the uncertainty associated with the test method itself.				
Supplement	ary devices				
5.9.3	 A meter may include supplementary devices which are permanently incorporated or temporarily added, e.g. for use in testing and remote reading of the meter. (a) Where a supplementary device is to be fitted temporarily to a meter for testing or other purposes, the error of indication of the meter with the supplementary device fitted shall not differ significantly from the error of indication of the meter without the supplementary device. (b) Where a supplementary device is fitted permanently to a meter, the 				

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NMI M 11-1 clause no	Requirement		_	Remarks
	indications of volume from the supplementary device shall not differ significantly from the readings of the indicating device.			

4.2.2 Performance Tests for Electronic Meters and Electronic Devices fitted to Mechanical Meters

NMI M 11-1 clause no	Requirements	+	_	Remarks
Dry heat				
A.5.1	 The EUT shall be exposed to a temperature of 55°C under free air conditions for a 2 h period, after the EUT has reached temperature stability. During the application of the high temperature: (a) all functions shall operate as designed; (b) the error of indication shall not exceed the MPE of the upper flowrate zone. 			
Cold			•	
A.5.2	 The EUT shall be exposed to a temperature of either -10°C (class C) or +5°C (class B) under free air conditions for a 2 h period, after the EUT has reached temperature stability. During the application of the reduced temperature: (a) all functions shall operate as designed; (b) the error of indication shall not exceed the MPE of the upper flowrate zone. 			
Damp heat,	cyclic (condensing)		•	
A.5.3	 After stabilisation and with its power supply turned off, the EUT shall be exposed to cyclic temperature variations between 25°C and an upper temperature of either 55°C (class C) or 40°C (class B), maintaining the relative humidity at above 95% during the temperature changes and during the phases at the lower temperature, and at 93% at the upper temperature phases. Condensation should occur on the EUT during the temperature rise. After the application of the damp heat cycles and a recovery period: (a) all functions shall operate as designed; (b) the error of indication shall not exceed the MPE of the upper flowrate zone. 			
Power volta	ge variation for meters powered by direct AC or by AC/DC conve	erters		I
A.5.4.1	The EUT is exposed to its upper and lower, power supply, voltage limits while operating under normal atmospheric conditions and at reference conditions. The error of indication of an EUT having a power supply with a single voltage is measured at its upper voltage limit $U_{nom} + 10\%$ and then at its lower voltage limit $U_{nom} - 15\%$. The error of indication of an EUT having a power supply with a voltage range is measured at its upper voltage limit $U_U + 10\%$ and then at its lower voltage limit $U_I - 15\%$. During the application of the voltage limits: (a) all functions shall operate as designed; (b) the error of indication shall not exceed the MPE of the upper flowrate zone.			
Dowo				
A.5.4.2	The error of indication of the EUT is measured at the specified upper battery voltage limit U _{max} and at the specified lower battery voltage			

NMI M 11-1 clause no	Requirements	+	_	Remarks
	 limit U_{min}, while operating at reference conditions. During the application of the voltage limits: (a) all functions shall operate as designed; (b) the error of indication shall not exceed the MPE of the upper zone. 			
Short time	power reductions			
A.5.5	The EUT shall be exposed to mains voltage interruptions from nominal voltage to zero voltage for a duration equal to a half cycle of line frequency (severity level 1a) and to mains voltage reductions from nominal voltage to 50% of nominal voltage for a duration equal to one cycle of line frequency (severity level 1b). At least 10 interruptions and 10 reductions are applied, with a time interval of at least 10 s between tests. The interruptions and reductions are repeated throughout the time necessary to measure the			
	error of indication of the EUT; therefore more than 10 interruptions and reductions may be necessary. The difference between the intrinsic error and the error of indication measured during the test shall not exceed half of the MPE of the upper flowrate zone (or significant faults are detected and acted upon by means of a checking facility).			
Bursts				
A.5.6	The EUT is subjected to electrical bursts superimposed on the mains supply voltage. Bursts are double exponential waveform transient voltages with a peak amplitude of 1000 V (class E1) and 2000 V (class E2). Each voltage spike shall have a rise time of 5 ns and a half amplitude duration of 50 ns. The burst length shall be 15 ms and the burst period (repetition time interval) shall be 300 ms. All bursts shall be applied asynchronously, in asymmetrical mode (common mode). The bursts shall be applied for at least 1 min during the measurement, or simulated measurement, for each polarity.			
	The error of indication of the EUT shall be measured during the application of the mains voltage bursts. The difference between the intrinsic error and the error of indication measured during the test shall not exceed half of the MPE of the upper zone (or significant faults are detected and acted upon by means of a checking facility).			
Electrostati	c discharge			
A.5.7	The error of indication of the EUT shall be measured while the EUT is subjected to electrostatic discharges at a severity level of 6 kV for contact discharges and of 8 kV for air discharges. At each test point, at least 10 discharges shall be applied with intervals of at least 10 s between discharges, throughout the period of the error			
	of indication measurement. Air discharges shall only be applied where contact discharges cannot be applied. For indirect discharges, a total of 10 discharges shall be applied on the horizontal coupling plane and a total of 10 discharges for each of the various positions of the vertical coupling plane.			
	The difference between the intrinsic error and the error of indication measured during the test shall not exceed half of the MPE of the upper zone (or significant faults are detected and acted upon by means of a checking facility).			
	Where it has been proven that the EUT is immune to electrostatic discharges within the rated operating conditions for flowrate, the			

NMI M 11-1 clause no	Requirements	_	Remarks	
	approving body shall be free to choose a flowrate of zero during the electrostatic discharge test. In this case the meter totalisation shall not change by more than the value of the verification scale interval during the test.			
Electromag	netic susceptibility			
A.5.8	The EUT is subjected to 20 discrete frequency bands of electromagnetic radiation in the frequency range 26 to 1000 MHz, at a field strength of either 3 V/m (class E1) or 10 V/m (class E2). The difference between the intrinsic error and the error of indication			
	measured during the test shall not exceed half of the MPE of the upper zone (or significant faults are detected and acted upon by means of a checking facility).			
	Where it has been proven that the EUT is immune to electromagnetic radiation at the severity level required for this test, within the rated operating conditions for flowrate, the approving authority shall be free to choose a flowrate of zero during the electromagnetic susceptibility test. In this case the meter totalisation shall not change by more than the value of the verification scale interval during the test.			
Water				
A.5.9	Mount the EUT on an appropriate fixture and subject it to impacting water generated from either an oscillating tube or a spray nozzle simulating spraying or splashing water (class B and class C and I for non-submersible components) or immerse components to a depth agreed to with the manufacturer (class C and I submersible components). All functions shall operate as designed and all the errors of indication measured after the application of the influence factor shall be within the MPE.			
Dust	·			•
A.5.10	Mount the EUT in a dust chamber. Whilst cycling the temperature between $30^{\circ}C$ and $65^{\circ}C$ apply the dust conditions described in IEC 60529. All functions shall operate as designed and all the errors of indication measured after the application of the influence factor shall be within the MPE.			

5. TESTS FOR ALL METERS

Notes:

- 1. MPE^{1} in the tables is the MPE as defined in NMI M 11-1, 3.2. If the EUT is a separable part of a meter, the MPE shall be defined by the manufacturer (NMI M 11-2, 8.4).
- 2. Units of measurement shall be written in the spaces provided. Units of measurement of:
 - volume shall be in megalitres (ML), kilolitres (kL) or cubic metres (m³); and
 - **flowrate** shall be in megalitres per day (ML/day), litres per second (L/s), kilolitres per hour (kL/h) or cubic metres per hour (m³/h).

5.1 Static Pressure Test (NMI M 11-2, 6.2)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Meter serial no	Maximum admissible pressure × 1.6 (MPa)	Initial pressure (MPa)	End time	Final pressure (MPa)	Remarks

Meter serial no	Maximum admissible pressure × 2 (MPa)	Start time	Initial pressure (MPa)	End time	Final pressure (MPa)	Remarks

5.2 Determination of Intrinsic Errors of Indication and the Effects of Meter Orientation (NMI M 11-2, 6.3)

					At	t start	At end		
Application no	0		A	mbient temp	erature			°C	
Model			Ambier	nt relative hu	umidity			%	
Date			Ambient at	mospheric p	ressure			MPa	
Observer					Time				
Test method						Gravi	metric / v	olumetric	
	ures/weighbrid	lao usod				Ulavi		olumente	
	-	-	tion motors of	(\mathbf{S}/\mathbf{om})					
	tivity (electron ight pipe/chanr	-		(S/CIII)					
	0 1 1		· · ·						
	ight pipe/chan			<u>``</u>			,		
1	f pipe/channel						/		
Describe flow	straightener ir	nstallation (if u	ised) in accor	rdance with 1	NMI M 11-1	l, 5.5.5			
Notes: Add tal	bles for each fl	owrate accord	ing to 6.3.3 (of NMI M 11	-2.				
	for each orient					vided fo	or meters	not marked	l H or V.
Meter serial n	0	Orien	tation (V, H,	other)					
Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual	l volume	Meter	MPE^1
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume		Va	error	(%)
Q ()	levels (mm)		V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi			$E_{m}(\%)$	
Test 1:	/								
Test 2:	/								
If the MPE for	r test 1 and 2 is	s less than the	MPE, calcul	ate \bar{E}_{m2} (mea	an value of t	ests 1 a	nd 2)		
Test 3:	/								
If the MPE for	r test 1 or 2 is a	more than the	MPE, calcu	late \bar{E}_{m3} (me	an value of	tests 1, 2	2 and 3)		
Meter serial n	0	Orien	tation (V, H,	other)					
Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual	volume	Meter	MPE^1
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume		Va	error	(%)
Q_(_)	levels (mm)		V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi			E _m (%)	
Test 1:	/								
Test 2:	/								
	r test 1 and 2 is	s less than the	MPE, calcul	ate \bar{E}_{m2} (mea	an value of t	ests 1 a	nd 2)		
Test 3:	/								
If the MPE for	r test 1 or 2 is	more than the	MPE, calcu	late Ē _{m3} (me	an value of	tests 1, 2	2 and 3)		
Meter serial n	0	Orien	tation (V, H,	other)					
Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated		volume	Meter	MPE^1
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume		Va	error	(%)
Q()	levels (mm)		V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi			E _m (%)	
Test 1:	/					<u> </u>			
Test 2:	/								
If the MPE for	r test 1 and 2 is	s less than the	MPE, calcul	ate \bar{E}_{m2} (mea	an value of t	ests 1 a	nd 2)		
Test 3:	/								
If the MPE for	r test 1 or 2 is 1	more than the	MPE, calcu	late \bar{E}_{m3} (me	an value of	tests 1, 2	2 and 3)		
Comments									

5.3 Low Flow Test (NMI M 11-2, 6.4)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Application	Actual water	Actual	Initial inlet	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual	Meter	MPE^1
conditions	level	flowrate	water temp	reading	reading	volume	volume	error	(%)
	(mm)	Q	(°C)	V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi	Va	$E_{m}(\%)$	
\mathbf{h}_{\min}									
0.9 h _{min}				2	2	2	2	2	2

 2 $\,$ Verify that the meter indicates that flow has occurred below h_{min} and record the duration of such flow..

5.4 Full Flow Test (NMI M 11-2, 6.5)

		At start	At end	
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			
Test method		Gravim	etric / volu	metric

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5

5.4.1 Meters Designed to Measure at Full Flow (NMI M 11-2, 6.5.3.1)

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Application conditions	Nominal flowrate	Actual flowrate Q	Initial supply pressure (MPa)	Initial inlet water temp (°C)	 Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Actual volume V _a	Meter error E _m (%)	MPE ¹ (%)
Full flow	Q_1								
Full flow	Q ₃								

Comments_____

5.4.2 Meters Not Designed to Measure at Full Flow (NMI M 11-2, 6.5.3.2)

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Application conditions	Nominal flowrate	Actual flowrate Q	Initial supply pressure (MPa)	Initial inlet water temp (°C)		Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Actual volume V _a	Meter error E _m (%)	MPE ¹ (%)
Full flow	Reference flowrate				2	2	2	2	2	2

 2 Note whether an alarm occurred and also whether the meter recorded the duration of the full flow conditions.

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5.5 Wave Disturbance Test (NMI M 11-2, 6.6)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5_____

Meter serial no_____

Lengths of pipe upstream/ downstream	Actual flowrate Q	Up/down- stream water level (mm)	Water temp T _w (°C)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Actual volume V _a	Meter error E _m (%)	MPE ¹ (%)
/		/							
/		/							
/		/							
/		/							
/		/							
/		/							
/		/							

	Ϋ́Υ, Ϋ́Υ,	At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

5.6 Flow Disturbance Tests (NMI M 11-2, 6.7 and Annex B)

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5_____

No external straighteners are allowed for meters where the manufacturer has specified installation lengths of at least $15 \times \text{nominal}$ diameter upstream and $5 \times \text{nominal}$ diameter downstream of the meter.

The difference between the errors of indication in both non-disturbed and disturbed situations (the error shift) shall be less than one-third of the MPE in NMI M 11-1, 3.2. If this requirement is met no additional lengths of pipe are required. However, if this requirement is not met, the tests have to be continued by incorporating a longer upstream and/or downstream straight pipe and/or flow conditioner until the requirement for error shift is met.

Meter serial no_____

Lengths of pipe upstream/ downstream	Actual flowrate Q	Up/down- stream water level (mm)	Water temp T _w (°C)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Actual volume V _a	Meter error E _m (%)	Error shift (%)
/		/							
/		/							
/		/							
/		/							
/		/							
/		/							
/		/							

5.7 Head Loss Test (NMI M 11-2, 6.8)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.3_____

Meter serial no_____

Start time	Actual flowrate	Water temp, T_w (°C)	Downstream level (mm)	Head loss (mm)	End time	Total time

5.8 Endurance Tests (NMI M 11-2, 6.9)

	, ,	At start	At end	
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5

Sample size _____ (agreed upon on a case-by-case basis)

Notes: Add tables for each flowrate according to 6.8.3 of NMI M 11-2. Tables for each orientation (see 6.3.2.2.7.5 of NMI M 11-2) shall be provided for meters not marked H or V. For acceptance criteria refer to NMI M 11-2, 6.8.4.

Meter serial no Orientation (V, H, other) Registered vo			Registered volu	ume				
Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual volume	Meter	MPE^1
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume	Va	error	(%)
$Q_{()}$	level (mm)		V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi		$E_{m}(\%)$	
Test 1:	/							
Test 2:	/							
If the MPE for	r test 1 and 2 is	s less than the	MPE, calcul	ate \bar{E}_{m2} (mea	an value of te	ests 1 and 2)		
Test 3:	/							
If the MPE for test 1 or 2 is more than the MPE, calculate \bar{E}_{m3} (mean value of tests 1, 2 and 3)								

Meter serial no	Orientation (V, H, other))	Registered volume	
-----------------	---------------------------	---	-------------------	--

Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual volume	Meter	MPE^1
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume	Va	error	(%)
Q()	level (mm)		V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi		$E_{m}(\%)$	
Test 1:	/							
Test 2:	/							
If the MPE for	r test 1 and 2 is	s less than the	MPE, calcul	ate \bar{E}_{m2} (mea	an value of te	ests 1 and 2)		
Test 3:	/							
If the MPE for test 1 or 2 is more than the MPE, calculate \bar{E}_{m3} (mean value of tests 1, 2 and 3)								

5.9 Installation Tests (NMI M 11-2, 6.10)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5_____

Notes: Supply detailed technical drawings and diagrams of the installation.

Add tables for each flowrate according to 6.10.4 of NMI M 11-2.

Tables for each orientation (see 6.3.2.2.7.5 of NMI M 11-2) shall be provided for meters not marked H or V. For acceptance criteria refer to NMI M 11-2, 6.11.5.

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

								1
Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual volume	Meter	MPE ¹
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume	Va	error	(%)
$Q_{()}$	level (mm)		V _i (i)	$V_i(f)$	V_i		$E_{m}(\%)$	
Test 1:	/							
Test 2:	/							
If the MPE for	r test 1 and 2 is	s less than the	MPE, calcul	late \bar{E}_{m2} (mea	an value of to	ests 1 and 2)		
Test 3:	/							
If the MPE for test 1 or 2 is more than the MPE, calculate \bar{E}_{m3} (mean value of tests 1, 2 and 3)								

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual volume	Meter	MPE^1
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume	Va	error	(%)
$Q_{()}$	level (mm)		V _i (i)	V _i (f)	V_i		$E_{m}(\%)$	
Test 1:	/							
Test 2:	/							
If the MPE for	r test 1 and 2 is	s less than the	MPE, calcul	ate \bar{E}_{m2} (mea	an value of te	ests 1 and 2)		
Test 3:	/							
If the MPE for	If the MPE for test 1 or 2 is more than the MPE, calculate \bar{E}_{m3} (mean value of tests 1, 2 and 3)							

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual volume	Meter	MPE^1
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume	Va	error	(%)
Q()	level (mm)		V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi		$E_{m}(\%)$	
Test 1:	/							
Test 2:	/							
If the MPE for	If the MPE for test 1 and 2 is less than the MPE, calculate \bar{E}_{m2} (mean value of tests 1 and 2)							
Test 3:	/							
If the MPE for	If the MPE for test 1 or 2 is more than the MPE, calculate \bar{E}_{m3} (mean value of tests 1, 2 and 3)							

5.10 Maintenance Test (NMI M 11-2, 6.11)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5

Notes: Add tables for each flowrate according to 6.11.6 of NMI M 11-2.

Tables for each orientation (see 6.3.2.2.7.5 of NMI M 11-2) shall be provided for meters not marked H or V.

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual volume	Meter	Original
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume	Va	error	error
Q()	level (mm)		V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi		$E_{m}(\%)$	(%)
Test 1:	/							
Test 2:	/							
If the MPE for	r test 1 and 2 is	s less than the	MPE, calcul	late \bar{E}_{m2} (mea	an value of te	ests 1 and 2)		
Test 3:	/							
If the MPE for	r test 1 or 2 is	more than the	MPE, calcu	late Ē _{m3} (me	an value of t	tests 1, 2 and 3)		

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual volume	Meter	Original
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume	Va	error	error
$Q_{()}$	level (mm)		V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi		$E_{m}(\%)$	(%)
Test 1:	/							
Test 2:	/							
If the MPE for	r test 1 and 2 is	s less than the	MPE, calcul	ate \bar{E}_{m2} (mea	an value of te	ests 1 and 2)		
Test 3:	/							
If the MPE for	If the MPE for test 1 or 2 is more than the MPE, calculate \bar{E}_{m3} (mean value of tests 1, 2 and 3)							

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Actual	Up/down-	Water temp	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual volume	Meter	Original
flowrate	stream water	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	reading	reading	volume	Va	error	error
Q()	level (mm)		V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi		$E_{m}(\%)$	(%)
Test 1:	/							
Test 2:	/							
If the MPE for	If the MPE for test 1 and 2 is less than the MPE, calculate \bar{E}_{m2} (mean value of tests 1 and 2)							
Test 3:	/							
If the MPE for	r test 1 or 2 is	more than the	e MPE, calcu	late \bar{E}_{m3} (me	an value of t	ests 1, 2 and 3)		

6. TESTS FOR ELECTRONIC METERS AND MECHANICAL METERS WITH ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS

The following numbered notes apply:

- ¹ For a meter this is the MPE as defined in NMI M 11-1, 3.2. If the EUT is a separable part of a meter, the MPE shall be defined by the manufacturer (NMI M 11-2, 8.4).
- ² Temperature and pressure shall be recorded using a data-logging device to ensure conformity with the relevant IEC standard.

6.1 Dry Heat (Non-condensing) (NMI M 11-2, 7.2)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Application conditions	Actual or simulated flowrate	Up/down- stream level (mm)	Working temp ² T _w (°C)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Actual volume V _a	Meter error E _m (%)	MPE ¹ (%)
20°C		/							
55°C		/							
20°C		/							

6.2 Cold (NMI M 11-2, 7.3)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5_____

Environmental class_____ Meter serial no _____ Orientation (V, H, other)_____

Application conditions	Actual or simulated	Up/down- stream	Working temp ²	Initial reading	Final reading	Indicated volume	Actual volume	Meter error	MPE^1 (%)
	flowrate	level (mm)	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	V _i (i)	V _i (f)	V_i	Va	$E_m(\%)$	· · /
20°C		/							
+5°C or -10°C		/							
20°C		/							

6.3 Damp Heat, Cyclic (Condensing) (NMI M 11-2, 7.4)

					_	At start	At end					
Application no)			Ambient te	emperature			°C				
Model			Amb	oient relativ	e humidity			%				
Date			Ambient	atmospher	ic pressure			MPa				
Observer					Time							
Test method						Gravimetric / volumetric						
Volume meas	ures/weighbr	idge used										
Water conduct	tivity (electro	omagnetic ind	cm)									
Length of stra	ight pipe/cha	nnel before n	neter (mm)									
Length of stra	ight pipe/cha	nnel after me	ter (mm)									
Dimensions of	f pipe/channe	el before and a			/							
Environmenta	l class	Me	eter serial no		Orie	ntation (V,	H, other)_					
Pre-condition 55°C (classes		pply damp he	at cycles (dur	ration 24 h)	; two cycles	s between 2.	5°C and 40)°C (class	s B) or			
Application conditions	Actual or simulated flowrate	Up/down- stream level (mm)	Working temp ² T _w (°C)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Actual volume V _a	Meter error E _m (%)	MPE ¹ (%)			
After cycling		/										
Comments		·			·				·			

6.4 Power Voltage Variation (NMI M 11-2, 7.5)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5

6.4.1 Meters Powered by Direct AC (Single-phase) or AC/DC Converters, Mains Power Supply (NMI M 11-2, 7.5.1)

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Application	Ui	Actual or	Up/down-	Working	Initial	Final	Indicated	Actual	Meter	MPE^1
conditions	V	simulated	stream	temp ²	reading	reading	volume	volume	error	(%)
		flowrate	level (mm)	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi	Va	$\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{m}}(\%)$	
$U_{nom} + 10\%$			/							
$U_{nom}-15\%$			/							

Note: Meters with a voltage range are tested at $U_u + 10\%$ and $U_l - 15\%$.

Comments____

6.4.2 Meters Powered by Primary Batteries (NMI M 11-2, 7.5.2)

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Application conditions	U _i V	simulated		temp ²	reading	reading	Indicated volume	Actual volume	error	(%)
		flowrate	level (mm)	$T_w(^{\circ}C)$	V _i (i)	V _i (f)	Vi	V_a	$E_{m}(\%)$	
U _{max}			/							
U _{min}			/							

6.5 Short-time Power Reductions (NMI M 11-2, 7.6)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Apply voltage reductions:

100% voltage reduction per half cycle, 10 times •

50% voltage reduction per one cycle, 10 times •

Cycle to be repeated during the error of indication measurement

Application conditions	1	Working temp ² T _w (°C)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume Vi	volume	Meter error E _m (%)	(%)	$Fault \\ E_{m(2)} - \\ E_{m(1)} \\ (\%)$	SF (%)	EU functi corre	oning
(1) Before reductions	/											
(2) During reductions	/										Yes	No

Note: SF, the significant fault, is equal to half the MPE in the upper flowrate zone.

6.6 Bursts (NMI M 11-2, 7.7)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5_____

Meter serial no____

_____ Orientation (V, H, other) ___

Apply randomly phased bursts, (class E1 - 1000 V peak amplitude electromagnetic environment, class E2 - 2000 V peak amplitude) asynchronously in asymmetrical mode (common mode).

Application conditions	Actual or simulated flowrate	Up/down- stream level (mm)	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	volume	(%)	$\begin{array}{c} Fault \\ E_{m(2)} - \\ E_{m(1)} \\ (\%) \end{array}$	SF (%)	EU functio corre	oning
(1) Before burst		/										
(2) After burst		/									Yes	No

Note: SF, the significant fault, is equal to half the MPE in the upper flowrate zone.

6.7 Electrostatic Discharge (NMI M 11-2, 7.8)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5_____

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Appli cond			Actual or simulated flowrate	1	Working temp ² T _w (°C)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Actual volume V _a	Meter error E _m (%)	(%)	$\begin{array}{c} Fault \\ E_{m(2)} - \\ E_{m(1)} \\ (\%) \end{array}$	SF (%)	EU functio corre	oning
(1) Ref conditi				/											
(2) DP	Mo	ode													
	С	А		/										Yes	No
	С	A		/										Yes	No
	С	А		/										Yes	No

SF, the significant fault, is equal to half the MPE in the upper flowrate zone. Note: DP is the discharge point; indicate the discharge point by drawings if necessary. C is the contact discharge (6 kV). A is the air discharge (8 kV).

6.8 Electromagnetic Susceptibility (NMI M 11-2, 7.9)

		At start	At end	_		
Application no	Ambient temperatur	re		°C		
Model	Ambient relative humidi	ty		%		
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressur	re		MPa		
Observer	Tim	ne				
Test method		Gravimetric / volumetric				
Volume measures/	weighbridge used					
Water conductivity	(electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)					
Length of straight 1	pipe/channel before meter (mm)					
Length of straight I	pipe/channel after meter (mm)					
Dimensions of pipe	e/channel before and after meter (mm)		/			

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5

Meter seria	l no_			Orient	tation (V	, H, oth	er)			 				
Application conditions	Ante polari		Actual or simulated flowrate	Up/down- stream level (mm)	Working temp ² T _w (°C)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume Vi	Actual volume V _a	MPE ¹ (%)	$\begin{array}{c} Fault \\ E_{m(2)} - \\ E_{m(1)} \\ (\%) \end{array}$	SF (%)	EU functi corre	oning
(1) Reference conditions	V	Н		/										
(2) Disturbance														
26–40 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	
40–60 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
60–80 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
80–100 MHz	v	Н		/									Yes	No
100-120 MHz	v	Н		/									Yes	No
120–144 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
144–150 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
150-160 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
160-180 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
180–200 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
200–250 MHz	v	Н		/									Yes	No
250-350 MHz	v	Н		/									Yes	No
350-400 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
400–435 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
435–500 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
500-600 MHz	v	Н		/									Yes	No
700-800 MHz	v	Н		/									Yes	No
800–934 MHz	V	Н		/									Yes	No
934–1000 MHz	V	Н		/										

Notes: SF, the significant fault, is equal to half the MPE in the upper flowrate zone. Antenna polarisation is vertical (V) or horizontal (H).

6.9 Water (NMI M 11-2, 7.10)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5_____

Environmental class_____ Meter serial no _____ Orientation (V, H, other)_____

Application conditions	Actual or simulated flowrate	Up/down- stream level (mm)	Working temp ² T _w (°C)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Actual volume V _a	Meter error E _m (%)	MPE ¹ (%)
20°C pre- application		/							
20°C post- recovery		/							

6.10 Dust (NMI M 11-2, 7.11)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5_____

Environmental class_____ Meter serial no _____ Orientation (V, H, other)_____

Application conditions	Actual or simulated flowrate	Up/down- stream level (mm)	Working temp ² T _w (°C)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Actual volume V _a	Meter error E _m (%)	MPE ¹ (%)
20°C pre- application		/							
20°C post- recovery		/							

PART II. INITIAL VERIFICATION REPORT

The layout for reporting initial verifications and subsequent verifications is left largely to the verifying authority concerned. However, the report must contain the minimum information detailed in NMI M 11-1 (6.3 and 7) and NMI M 11-2 (9 and 10.2.2).

In addition, any special requirements and/or restrictions detailed in the pattern approval certificate must be applied, and a record must be kept of equipment, instrumentation and calibration details (see table in 2).

The following basic information should be included followed by the test results. Three examples of how the report may be formatted are given below.

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time			

Example 1: Error of indication for an approved meter (NMI M 11-2, 9.1)

EUT testing case (NMI M 11-2, 7.1.6)	
Category for testing (one clause of NMI M 11-2, 7.1.6.1 to 7.1.6.5)	clause
Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5_____

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Nominal flowrate ¹	Actual flowrate	Up/down- stream level (mm)	Working temp (°C)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Actual volume V _a	Error ² E _m (%)	MPE ⁴ (%)
Q ₁		/							
(0.5–0.6) Q ₃		/							
Q3		/							

Example 2: Error of indication for an approved calculator (including indicating device) (NMI M 11-2, 9.2)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperature			°C
Model	Ambient relative humidity			%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressure			MPa
Observer	Time]

EUT testing case (NMI M 11-2, 7.1.6)	
Category for testing (one clause of NMI M 11-2, 7.1.6.1 to 7.1.6.5)	clause

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Nominal flowrate ¹	Applied pulse frequency ³ (Hz)	Simulated flowrate	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Total pulses injected ³ T ₂	Indicated volume V _I	Actual volume V _a	Error ² E _c (%)	MPE ⁴ (%)
Q1	(111)		, 1(1)	, 1(1)	- p	•1	' a		
(0.5–0.6) Q ₃									
Q3									

¹ These flowrates shall be applied unless alternatives are specified in the pattern approval certificate.

² Calculations for error (of indication) are described in NMI M 11-2, Annex A.

 $^{^{3}}$ Other types of signal may be appropriate according to the design of the meter.

⁴ Given in the pattern approval certificate.

Example 3: Error of indication for an approved measurement transducer (including flow or volume sensor) (NMI M 11-2, 9.2)

		At start	At end	_
Application no	Ambient temperatu	ire		°C
Model	Ambient relative humid	ity		%
Date	Ambient atmospheric pressu	ıre		MPa
Observer	Tir	ne		

EUT testing case (NMI M 11-2, 7.1.6)	
Category for testing (one clause of NMI M 11-2, 7.1.6.1 to 7.1.6.5)	clause
Test method	Gravimetric / volumetric
Volume measures/weighbridge used	
Water conductivity (electromagnetic induction meters only) (S/cm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel before meter (mm)	
Length of straight pipe/channel after meter (mm)	
Dimensions of pipe/channel before and after meter (mm)	/

Describe flow straightener installation (if used) in accordance with NMI M 11-1, 5.5.5_____

Meter serial no_____ Orientation (V, H, other) _____

Nominal flowrate ¹	Up/down- stream level (mm)	Initial reading V _i (i)	Final reading V _i (f)	Indicated volume V _i	Total output pulses, T _p	Actual volume V _a	Error ² E _m (%)	MPE ⁴ (%)
Q1	/							
(0.5–0.6) Q ₃	/							
Q3	/							

¹ These flowrates shall be applied unless alternatives are specified in the pattern approval certificate.
 ² Calculations for error (of indication) are described in NMI M 11-2, Annex A.
 ³ Other types of signal may be appropriate according to the design of the meter.

⁴ Given in the pattern approval certificate.